Remote Sensor System

8 signal transmission type

Transmitter: RPT8-1803D-PU_ Output Sensor: RPE8-1800N-PU

RPE8-1800P-PU

8 signal transmission type/Anti-weld slag type

Transmitter: RPT8-TF1803D-PU_ Output Sensor: RPE8-TF1800N-PU_ RPE8-TF1800P-PU

Attention for Installation

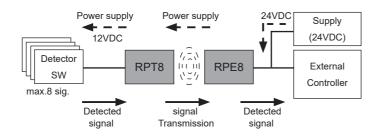
(Read this section thoroughly before installation.)

Before using the Remote Sensor, read this manual carefully. During installation and operation, pay close attention to the safety aspect.

- ◆ Ensure the power is switched off during installation or maintenance operations.
- ◆ Use a regulated power supply, e.g. switch-model type. Simpler power supplies, such as a full-wave rectification type, will cause the permissible ripple rating to be exceed and may cause malfunction.
- $\ \, \blacklozenge$ Ensure correct connections by reference to the wiring diagram. ♦ To avoid malfunction caused by induction noise, cable should
- be kept apart from motor or other power cable.
- ♦ Please note that the signal may become unstable (false signal or chattering) when the transmission distance and the center offset are outside the specification range.
- ♦ The inzone signal is a preliminary signal for confirming that the output signal is established within the specification range. Please note that it does not guarantee signals output outside the specification range.

Construction of the system

[Transmitter] [Output Sensor] [Detector]



[Function of each component]

LED

Output sensor

77.5

: Connects detector switches (max.8) and transmits the Detector

detected signals to Transmitter.

Transmitter : Provides power for Detector, also passes detected

signals from Detector to Output Sensor.

Output Sensor: Puts out detected signal to external controller, also

sends power for operating of Detector and Transmitter.

RPT8-1803D-PU__, RPT8-TF1803D-PU_

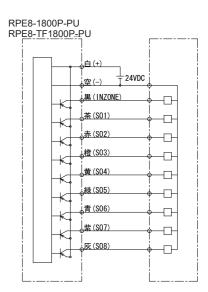
RPE8-1800N-PU__, RPE8-TF1800N-PU__(NPN output) RPE8-1800P-PU__, RPE8-TF1800P-PU__(PNP output)

Wiring

[NPN Type]

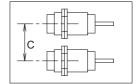
RPE8-1800N-PU RPE8-TF1800N-PU RPT8-1803D-PU RPT8-TF1803D-PU 黒(+COM) 茶(SI1) (DC2W) ±24VDC 空(-) SW 2 黒(INZONE) 赤(S12) (DC2W) (-) 本(SO1) SW 3 橙(SI3) (DC2W) --SW 4 ┆橙(S03) 黄(SI4), (DC2W) 黄 (S04) SW 5 (DC2W) 緑(SI5) 線(SO5) $-\Box$ (+) SW 6 青 (SO6) (DC2W) SW 7 紫(SI7) (DC2W) SW 8 (DC2W) 灰(S18)

[PNP Type]



Influence of surrounding metal and Mutual interference

In order to avoid mutual interference between parallel-mounted sensors ,or to avoid influence of surrounding metal, when sensor is mouted in metal ,keep the minimum space as described below.

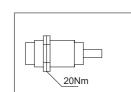


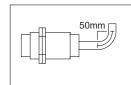
TYPE CODE	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)
RPT8-1803D-PU, RPT8-TF1803D-PU	10	10	110
RPE8-1800N/P-PU, RPE8-TF1800N/P-PU	10	18	110

Installation

nut is 20Nm(200kgf·cm)

Tightening troque for attached The minimum bending radius for thesensors are 50mm.





* Never pull the cable strongly in installing.

Specification of Remote sensor system

L=Cable length RPT8(standard):2m

RPE8 (Standard): 1m

Dimension

M18x1

24

(29)

		,			
Type number	Transmitter	RPT8-1803D-PU, RPT8-TF1803D-PU(テフロン仕様)			
	Output sensor	RPE8-1800 □ -PU,	RPE8-TF1800 ロ -PU(テフロン仕様)		
Drive voltage		12V DC ± 1.5V			
Drive current		5mA(per 1 signal)			
Transmission distance		Transmittion distance Center offset			
and Center offset		0. 5 3mm	≦± 2.5mm		
Only Output	Supply voltage	24V DC ± 10%(incl.ripple)			
sensor	Current consumption	≦ 400mA			
Material	Noma I	Case: Active surface:Nickle Plated brass, Active surface:Nylon12			
mater lat	Anti-weld slag	Case:fl uorinated resin coated brass, Active surface:fl uorinated resin			

Specification of Detectors

Where standard switches are used, the following characteristics must be maintained.

35

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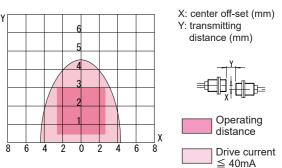
Supply voltage)	12VDC
Load current	min.	<=5mA
	max.	>=20mA
Residual voltage		>= 3. 5V
Leakage current		<= 1mA

<NOTES>

This product is in conformity with EMC directive and indicated CE marking. Appropriate measure should be taken to avoid excessive surge when the cable length between RPE8-(TF)1800_ and a power unit is longer than 10m because it is not taken procedure to surge.

Transmitting area diagram

[Example: Supply voltage at 24V DC]



◆ The drive current is dependent on the transmission distance between Transmitter and Output Sensor the degree of off-set between them-refer to Transmitting area diagram.

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